

Directions: Read the questions and statements, choose the best response and mark it on your answer sheet.

1-The government decided to.....the main streets of this city.

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|---------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1. wide | 2. width | 3. widen | 4. widely |
|---------|----------|----------|-----------|

2-The word ‘polite’ in the word “impolitely” is a..... .

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|---------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. root | 2. suffix | 3. prefix | 4. frequency |
|---------|-----------|-----------|--------------|

3-We can infer the meaning of a word from thewithin which that word is used.

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|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1. root | 2. suffix | 3. prefix | 4. context |
|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|

4-My friend is able to work well. Everybody knows about his.....at his job.

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|--------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. efficient | 2. low efficient | 3. efficiently | 4. efficiency |
|--------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|

5-The foreigner couldn’t speak Persian and looked.....at us.

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|-----------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 1. direct | 2. directly | 3. directs | 4. direction |
|-----------|-------------|------------|--------------|

6-The girls cleaned the rooms.

The rooms.....cleaned by the girls.

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|-------|--------|---------|---------|
| 1. is | 2. has | 3. were | 4. will |
|-------|--------|---------|---------|

7-English is the most.....language of the world. It has many uses.

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|------------|------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. useless | 2. unusual | 3. versatile | 4. meaningless |
|------------|------------|--------------|----------------|

8-We could not understand them because they spoke a foreign..... .

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|---------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1. nose | 2. tooth | 3. mouth | 4. tongue |
|---------|----------|----------|-----------|

9-A history of politicaland a certain linguistic suppleness have endowed English with an enormous vocabulary.

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|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. important | 2. importance | 3. importantly | 4. more important |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|

10-Haven’t they.....themselves to the new changes yet?

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|----------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. adapt | 2. adapted | 3. adaptive | 4. adaptively |
|----------|------------|-------------|---------------|

11-The officer’s face reflected his thoughts. ‘Reflected’ means..... .

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|-----------|------------|------------|----------------|
| 1. showed | 2. deleted | 3. refused | 4. didn’t show |
|-----------|------------|------------|----------------|

12-How many word elements are there in the word “unlikely”?

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|--------|---------|----------|----------|
| 1. one | 2. four | 3. eight | 4. three |
|--------|---------|----------|----------|

13-Fortunately, spellings of words vary by only one or two letters. ‘Vary’ means..... .

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|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. change | 2. fix | 3. fasten | 4. harden |
|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|

14-For instance, the appearance of the letters a-n- t- i in a word does not mean that they always form a prefix anti-. ‘For instance’ means..... .

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|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. not only | 2. therefore | 3. for example | 4. furthermore |
|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|

15-Our teacher told us to think about political topics. ‘Topics’ means..... .

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|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. adjectives | 2. adverbs | 3. subjects | 4. objects |
|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|

16-A letter or a group of letters that comes at the end of a word to make another word is a/n..... .

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|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. suffix | 2. root | 3. prefix | 4. accent |
|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|

17-This assumes that you are familiar.....the subject and even the writer.

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|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| 1. on | 2. with | 3. in | 4. to |
|-------|---------|-------|-------|

18-May I.....you to open the window?

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|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. trouble | 2. troubles | 3. troubled | 4. troubling |
|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|

19-In the word ‘teacher’, the.....is on the first syllable. In fact we emphasize the first syllable.

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|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. suffix | 2. prefix | 3. hyphen | 4. accent |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|

20-There are many different types of dictionaries. The smallest is the pocket ordictionary.

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|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1. unabridged | 2. abridged | 3. extensive | 4. college-level |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|

21-At times, an entry word in a dictionary will give two.....for a word.

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|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|
| 1. pronounce | 2. pronounces | 3. pronounced | 4. pronunciations |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|

22-The word ‘car’ has a neutral connotation, but the word ‘limousine’ connotes a(n).....luxurious automobile.

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|----------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. cheap | 2. expensive | 3. worthless | 4. inexpensive |
|----------|--------------|--------------|----------------|

23-The prefix "in-" In the word “invisible” means..... .

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|-----------|----------|--------|----------|
| 1. before | 2. after | 3. not | 4. again |
|-----------|----------|--------|----------|

24-This new institute hopes to.....a lot of students for evening classes.

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|-----------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. enroll | 2. enrolls | 3. enrolled | 4. enrollment |
|-----------|------------|-------------|---------------|

25-No student or scholar should be without a dictionarywhich has a sizable number of words with adequate lexical coverage. 'Which' refers to..... .

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|-------------|------------|------------|-----------------|
| 1. coverage | 2. scholar | 3. student | 4. a dictionary |
|-------------|------------|------------|-----------------|

26-The old woman got off the bus with a caution. 'Caution' means..... .

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|----------|---------------|---------------|---------|
| 1. hurry | 2. hesitation | 3. clumsiness | 4. care |
|----------|---------------|---------------|---------|

27-He stated his view differently but it amounts to the same thing. 'Amounts to' means..... .

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|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. be worth than | 2. be better than |
| 3. be equal in effect | 4. be different from |

28-It is sometimes difficult to get the message of a reading passage. 'Message' means..... .

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|-----------------|----------|----------|---------|
| 1. central idea | 2. topic | 3. title | 4. link |
|-----------------|----------|----------|---------|

29-A short well-known saying that states a general truth or gives advice is called..... .

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|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| 1. profession | 2. prevention | 3. prediction | 4. proverb |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|

30-Your dictionary does not give the of words.

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|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. psychology | 2. etymology | 3. sociology | 4. biology |
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نمبره سوال	الف	ب	ح	د	باسح صحيح	وصيت كلب
1					الف، ب، ح، د	عادي
2					الف	عادي
3					د	عادي
4					الف، ب، ح، د	عادي
5					ب	عادي
6					ح	عادي
7					ح	عادي
8					د	عادي
9					ب	عادي
10					ب	عادي
11					الف	عادي
12					د	عادي
13					الف	عادي
14					ح	عادي
15					ح	عادي
16					الف	عادي
17					ب	عادي
18					الف	عادي
19					د	عادي
20					ب	عادي
21					الف، ب، ح، د	عادي
22					ب	عادي
23					ح	عادي
24					الف	عادي
25					د	عادي
26					د	عادي
27					ح	عادي
28					الف، ب، ح، د	عادي
29					د	عادي
30					ب	عادي